

THE CLIFTON CLARION.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 16, 1886.

TERRITORIAL AND GENERAL.

Col. R. G. Ingersoll thinks that Judge Vincent, of New Mexico, has been unjustly treated.

Charles Stewart Parnell and Timothy Healy, Nationalists, have been elected to Parliament for the City of Cork.

Albert A. Wilson, of Washington, has been appointed United States Marshal for the District of Columbia. He will not be called on to act as Grand Chamberlain at the White House.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has submitted his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30. He looks to agriculture as the chief means available for civilizing the red man. There are at present in the United States, exclusive of Alaska, 260,000 Indians.

Lieut. Mans, formerly stationed at Whipple, is in pursuit of Indians and hopes to be able to corral a band of them. Mans is a dashing and fearless young officer, and if energy, perseverance and bravery will succeed, he will secure the scalps of some of the hostiles.—Citizen.

Capt. Lovell H. Jerome has arrived in Tucson, and will relieve Capt. H. A. Moore as resident agent of the Treasury Department. Mr. Moore had asked for the change, as he wished to be assigned to a place further eastward. Capt. Jerome has had considerable experience on the frontier.

Hon. E. B. Pomeroy, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions at the public meeting which considered the mounted police matter, to-day received a telegram from Governor Zuliak, as follows: "My official encouragement and sanction is earnestly given, as requested. C. Meyer Zuliak, Governor."

The annual report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office gives, among other things, a complete review of Reavis-Peralta fraud, of Arizona, in which the nature of the attempt to gain possession of a valuable tract of land under fraudulent titles, is pretty fully exposed. The Commissioner shows the utter impossibility of this being a properly made grant and dismisses it as unworthy of any notice.

A store house belonging to the Mohave Indians, situated on the bank of the Colorado river opposite Fort Mohave, fell in a few days since, killing one Indian and severely injuring two others. The accident was caused by piling several tons of mesquite beans and corn on the roof. The Indian who was killed was instantly placed on a couple of cords of wood and burned to ashes, after which the Indians proceeded to burn everything belonging to him, and to kill his horses, and have a big feast, which is their invariable custom when any of the tribe dies.

Until within a few years the principal supply of copper for the whole world came from Chile, Spain, Australia, Africa, and Lake Superior. More recently the immense quantities mined in Arizona, Montana, and California glutted the market to a great extent and reduced the price very largely; yet, although copper fell in price, within a year and a half or so it was selling at about \$60 a ton in London, and it is only within the last three or four months that it has gone down as low as \$39, and is now \$42. The reason for this seems to have been chiefly in the enormous quantities of copper shipped to Europe from this country. A great anomaly is: although copper is about the lowest in price ever known in New York, yet, from all accounts, the actual stock of copper in America is exceedingly small.—Chicago Tribune.

From late British returns it is found for the year ending June 4, 1885, that of 682,893 cattle born in England 134,941 died of disease. Of sheep, the number born was 2,699,417, and the number that died was 433,381. Of pigs, the number born was 1,851,819, and the mortality amounted to 176,380. In Wales the number of cattle born was 147,704; died, 18,439; sheep born, 545,958; died, 98,101; pigs born, 234,810; died, 26,728. In Scotland the number of cattle born was 241,812; died, 39,576; sheep born, 1,613,918; died, 39,676; pigs born, 200,004; died, 22,330. The total for Great Britain shows that 1,072,499 cattle were born and 193,056 died; of sheep 4,859,293 and 838,091 died, and of pigs 1,786,732 were born and 225,438 died. This is not only a fearful mortality for the whole country, but it shows sources of disease in England still which are terrible to contemplate. The United States government may take warning not to admit the pests of European stock to this country.

Steam vs. Gas.

The launch of the Eureka at one of the Brooklyn yards the other day is one step in a notable experiment for doing away with steam in naval propulsion. The main idea in the new system is to drive the vessel forward or backward by the expulsion of gas from the submerged bow and stern against the water. The idea is a new one among scientists, but it is claimed that in the Eureka it has been made practical for the first time. The vessel itself is about seventy-five tons, being 100 feet by 12, with a depth of seven feet. On each side, about eight feet forward of the stern-post, are two lid-covered ports, connected with chambers. There are also two forward ports of the same kind, and through these the discharges are made from a central point, those from the stern for driving the vessel forward, and vice versa, while a simultaneous discharge from a forward port and aft starboard chamber, and vice versa, will turn her sharply round in either direction. The engine only takes up six feet of room, and only enough power is required to compress air into a steel globe two feet in diameter, into which vaporized petroleum has been forced. The explosive material to be used has been kept a secret, but the New York Sun intimates it is a gas generated from oil and ignited by electricity. Should the experiment prove successful its application will be watched with great interest. It seems a daring move to try and dethrone King Steam, but invention grows bold in these days, and he would be rash who should say that people will not soon be exploded across the Atlantic.—Ex.

Still We Grow.

Twenty-five years ago we were 30,000,000 of people, now we are nearly 60,000,000. Then we had 141 cities and towns of over 8,000 inhabitants, now we have 286 of such cities and towns. Then the total population of our cities was 5,000,000, now it is about 12,000,000.

Our coal mines then produced 14,000,000 tons, now 85,000,000 tons, or six times as much.

The iron product amounted to 900,000 tons of ore; to-day it is 3,000,000 tons a year, almost a nine fold increase.

In 1860 our metal industries employed about 53,000 hands, consumed \$100,000,000 of material, and turned out about \$180,000,000 in annual products.

To-day these industries employ 300,000 hands, consume \$380,000,000 of material, and their annual product amounts to \$669,000,000 a year.

The woolen industry employed 600 persons then, and now employs 160,000, while our home mills, which produced goods of the value of \$80,000,000 in 1860, now turn out an annual product worth \$279,000,000.

Finally there is cotton. In 1860 we imported 529,000 yards of cotton; in 1881 we only imported 70,000,000 yards.—Ex.

The New York Herald says that bright red stockings are condemned by Dr. Edson. Several persons who have worn them have complained recently that painful sores appeared on their feet and legs. The doctor purchased a lot of the stockings at different stores and analyzed them. He said yesterday that they were all found to contain arsenic and antimony. The arsenic is one of the ingredients of the dye, and the antimony is used to fix the color. The arsenic can be easily extracted from the stocking after it is dyed, but it is so cheap that the manufacturers do not care to take the trouble.

The poisonous bright red stockings are all made in Saxony, and were found on sale in the best retail stores of the city. The proprietors have been directed to take them out of stock at once. If the order is not obeyed, Dr. Edson says he will prosecute any one caught selling hose of this kind. The offenders will be charged with selling poison without a label, as that, according to the doctor, is the only statute that covers the offense.

A Sure Thing of it.

"What interest can you have in reading the list of prizes in the Havana lottery? You never buy any tickets," asked Kosciuszko Murphy on seeing Col. Yerger perusing a paper.

"I know that I never buy a ticket, but I have more real enjoyment than if I did," replied Col. Yerger.

"How is that?"

"You see, I pick out a number. If it wins I am as much tickled as a man can be, and go on a tear. If my number don't win, then I have saved the price of the ticket, and I celebrate my escape with the money I've saved. I am bound to win either way. I can't be beat."—Texas Siftings.

Stock Rates.

The committee appointed by the stock associations of Southern Arizona to secure, if possible, a reduction of rates by rail to Kansas City and other markets for cattle, have succeeded in obtaining the following schedule:

Rates given by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Co., with a promised reduction of \$10 per car on all cattle to points east of Kansas City:

Rates from To K. City, St. Louis, Chicago, Omaha, etc.	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$17.00
San Simon	14.00	12.00	19.00
Wilcox	14.00	12.00	19.00
Prescott	14.00	12.00	19.00
Panama	15.00	13.00	20.00
Tucson	15.00	13.00	20.00
Maricopa	15.00	13.00	20.00

The above rates by the car load are practically no material reduction, as private arrangements of equal advantages have been frequently made by shippers; the rate from Tucson to Kansas City ought to be no greater than \$125 per car load, and at that rate the transportation companies would eventually reap a greater profit than they do upon a tariff that is practically an embargo upon the exportation of Arizona cattle.—Horn and Horn.

Slab Hollow, Vt., has petitioned the Post-Office Department for a more dignified title.

John Dillon, the Nationalist, has been defeated for Parliament by Lord Ernest Hamilton.

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Lumber, Shingles, Doors,

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Gold and Silver Assay	\$1.00
Copper Assay	1.00
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Prompt Attention to Samples by Mail.

Ore assayed in any quantity. Assaying taught. Mines examined and reported on.

References.—Tucson: L. Zieckendorf & Co., merchants; R. H. Hersford, San Francisco; J. W. Hollister, Secretary Union Ore Mining Company; H. W. Walker, Golden State Laboratory.

Gener'l Merchandise

Groceries,

Teas,

Coffees,

Sugar,

Rice,

Pastes,

Sauces,

Pickles,

Provisions,

Bacon,

Lard,

Flour,

Bran,

Wheat

Corn,

Barley,

Baled Hay,

Liquors,

Whiskies,

Brandies,

Wines,

Beers,

Gin,

Rum,

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